Reg. No.:		

# Question Paper Code: 51280

## B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2024.

First Semester

Civil Engineering

### HS 3151 — PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - I

(Common to All Branches (Except Marine Engineering)

				lations					
Time: Three hours			and a special				Maximum	: 100	marks
			Answer						
		dendi per p	ART A — (	10 × 2 =	= 20 mar	ks)			
1.	Prov	ide the full form fo	r the follow	ving ac	ronyms u	ised in	emails.	(4 >	$<\frac{1}{2}=2$ )
	(a)	ASAP		(b)	BCC				
	(c)	FYI		(d)	PS				
2.	Use	suitable form of th	e given ver	b to fill	in the bl	lank.		(4 >	< ½ = 2)
	(a)	Ravi ———	— (go) to S	simla n	ow to atte	end the	e meeting.		
	(b)	Sheeba —	— (work	x) hard	on her pr	roject.			
	(c)	The manager — upcoming project							
	(d)	Customers ——spend.	o idl mil og ok uile						
3.	Use	suitable negative	refixes for	the fol	lowing w	ords to	give their	anto	nyms.

Mobile

Locate

(d)

Legal

Common

(a)

(c)

4.	Fill	in the blanks with the suitable verb form that agrees with the ect. $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2)$						
	(a)	One of my friends — (is/are) working in the police force.						
	(b)	Sheela, along with her friends, — (work/works) on the recent project.						
	(c)	The workers of the company — (is/are) on strike.						
	(d)	Hard work never — (fails/fail)						
5.	Define any TWO of the following $(2 \times 1 = 2)$							
	(a)	Cyber security (b) CCTV						
	(c)	Super computer (d) Microscope						
6.	Choose the appropriate homophones to fill in the blanks $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2)$							
	(a)	The company produces — (Stationary/Stationery) items.						
	(b)	Maintaining a ————— (dairy/ diary) to write down your thoughts will help to reduce stress.						
	(c)	He went to (meat/meet) his friend.						
	(d)	The ———— (whole/hole) floor was burnt down in the fire.						
7.	Cho	Choose the best option that collocate with the given sentences $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2)$						
	(a)	There are many ———————————————————————benefits of exercising regularly. (Health / Fitness / Body)						
	(b)	Work from home is not a(n) — concept for many of us now (Outer/ alien/ modern)						
	(c)	The resource person is a ——————————————————————————————————						
	(d)	Make a ———— analysis of the issue before giving up (serious / detailed / entire)						
8.	Use	suitable article to fill in the blanks $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2)$						
	(a)	He has — cat and — dog.						
	(b)	——————————————————————————————————————						
9.	Rew	rite the following passage after including the correct punctuation (2)						
	The	manager asked when is the deadline for the project submission.						
10.	Tra	nsform the following simple sentences into compound sentences. $(2 \times 1 = 2)$						
	(a)	Being sick, he went to the doctor.						
	(b)	Despite the rain, the match continued.						

#### PART B — $(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$

11. Read the following passage and answer the questions given.

#### The Digital Divide

A recent survey has shown that the number of people in the United Kingdom who do not intend to get internet access has risen. These people, who are know as 'net refuseniks', make up 44% of UK households, or 11.2 million people in total.

The research also showed that more than 70 percent of these people said that they were not interested in getting connected to the internet. This number has risen from just over 50% in 2005, with most giving lack of computer skills as a reason for not getting internet access, though some also said it was because of the cost.

More and more people are getting broadband and high speed net is available almost everywhere in the UK, but there are still a significant number of people who refuse to take the first step.

The cost of getting online is going down and internet speeds are increasing, so many see the main challenge to be explaining the relevance of the Internet to this group. This would encourage them to get connected before they are left too far behind. The gap between those who have access to and use the internet is the digital divide, and if the gap continues to widen, those without access will get left behind and miss out on many opportunities, especially in their careers.

- (a) State whether the following are True or False  $(8 \times 1 = 8)$ 
  - (i) More people in the UK do not intend to get internet access than before.
  - (ii) The majority of people in the UK are 'net refuseniks'.
  - (iii) Most of those without internet access want to get it.
  - (iv) The minority of the people surveyed in 2005 weren't interested in having internet access.
  - (v) The main reason for not getting internet access is the cost.
  - (vi) High speed internet is not available everywhere in the UK.
  - (vii) Both costs and speeds are increasing.
  - (viii) Many people think that getting the costs down is the key to this problem.

b)	Cho	ose th	e correct answ	er from th	e options gi	ven	(8 × 1 =	: 8)
	(i)		Net Refusenikes constitute ———————————————————————————————————					
		(1)	11.2	(2)	44			
		(3)	70	(4)	50			
	(ii)	The	reason for the	increasing	g number o	f 'net refuse	eniks' is	
		(1)	They cannot	afford it				
		(2)	They do not l	have acces	s to high sp	eed intern	et	
		(3)	They do not l	nave comp	uter skills			
		(4)	They are not	interested	d in getting	connected		
	(iii)	The		eople wit	hout inter		in the UK l	ņas
		(1)	increased					
		(2)	decreased					
		(3)	remained un	changed				
		(4)	information 1	not availa	ble			
	(iv)	Which of the following statements is correct according to passage?						the
		(1)	High speed a	ccess is av	vailable in t	he UK at h	nigh cost	
		(2)	High speed in	nternet is	not availab	le in the U	K	
		(3)	High speed in	nternet ac	cess is avai	lable at los	t cost in the U	K
		(4)	High speed in the UK	internet a	ccess is no	t available	in some parts	s of
	(v)	(v) It is important to convince the 'net refuseniks' to get because otherwise						
		(1)	they will be l	left behind	l in their ca	reers		
		(2)	they will not	understa	nd the relev	ance of the	internet	
		(3)	they will refu	use to take	the first st	tep		
		(4)	they will not	learn com	puter skill	S		
	(vi)	The main challenge in convincing the 'net refuseniks' is						
		(1)	teaching the	m comput	er skills			
		(2)	explain the r	elevance o	of the interr	net to them		
		(3)	decreasing th	ne cost of i	nternet acc	ess		
		(4)	increasing th	ne speed of	faccess			

		don't have it is known as the
		(1) Broadband access
		(2) Net refuseniks
		(3) Digital divide
		(4) Internet gap
		(viii) The ultimate purpose of the survey is
		(1) to calculate the number of net refuseniks
		(2) to create a digital divide
		(3) to measure internet speed and cost
		(4) to persuade people who do not have internet access to get connected
12.	(a)	You are the leader of your team. Write a detailed report to your manager on the recent difficulties faced by your team in completing the task on time. Also offer some recommendations to avoid the issues in the future.  (16)
		Or
	(b)	Write a detailed report on the Literature Quiz conducted by the English
	(0)	club. Assume yourself as the secretary of the club. Address the report to
		the faculty in charge of the club. (16)
13.	(a)	Write a set of eight instructions for the newly joined employee of your firm to following in their work routine. (16)
		$\operatorname{Or}$
	(b)	Provide eight instructions for the student to attend NEET exam. (16)
14.	(a)	Write a set of eight recommendations for the youth of today to avoid over usage of social media. (16)
		Or
	(b)	List out eight recommendations for people to stay fit and healthy. (16)
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(vii) The gap between those who have internet access and those who

15. (a) Write an essay on 'Engineers today' in about 250 words. (16)

Or

(b) Describe in 250 words your opinion on Environmental Awareness. (16)